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**A PDP-15 TO INDUSTRIAL-14 INTERFACE AT  
THE LEWIS RESEARCH CENTER'S CYCLOTRON**

by Francis R. Kebberly and Regis F. Leonard  
Lewis Research Center  
Cleveland, Ohio 44135  
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16. Abstract  An interface (hardware and software) has been built which permits the loading, monitoring, and control of a Digital Equipment Industrial-14/30 programmable controller by a PDP-15 computer. The interface utilizes the serial mode for data transfer to and from the controller, so that the required hardware is essentially that of a teletype unit except for the speed of transmission. Software described here permits the user to load binary paper tape, read or load individual controller memory locations, and if desired turn controller outputs on and off directly from the computer.			
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Lewis Research Center

INTRODUCTION

The Industrial-14 is a programmable controller manufactured by the digital Equipment Corporation (DEC). This controller is being used in operations at the Lewis Research Center Cyclotron. It is designed to set "on" or "off" a series of outputs, as determined by the state (on or off) of a series of inputs and the program stored in its memory (4096 12-bit words). The controller is capable of utilizing a portion of its memory as counters, timers, or up-down counters. It may operate either in a stand-alone mode or under the direct supervision of another computer.

As supplied by DEC the Industrial 14/30 is designed to be loaded either through the VT-14 video programming terminal or through a DEC PDP-8 computer equipped with the proper interface (ref. 1). One such interface transfers information serially in 8-bit words. Since this is essentially the mode of operation of a teletype unit, however, it is possible to avoid purchasing either the VT-14 or the PDP-8 simply by making minor modifications to the PDP-15 computer already in use at the cyclotron facility. The present report describes those changes in both hardware and software which were required to establish communications between the Industrial-14 and the PDP-15.

HARDWARE MODIFICATIONS

At the Industrial-14 end of the interface hardware consisted of the standard DC-14F serial interface, as supplied by DEC. This is wired to the controller through the serial interface, again as ordinarily done when interfacing the Industrial-14 to either a PDP-8 or VT-14. At the PDP-15 end the link was accomplished through the BA-15 module, which normally accomodates either a second teletype unit or a line printer for the PCP-15. The modifications necessary here were to replace the normal teletype clock which operates at 110 baud rate with an M453 module variable clock which was adjusted to transmit and receive at the 9600 baud rate required by the Industrial-14.

## SOFTWARE : GENERAL

In the serial mode information is transferred to the Industrial-14 from the PDP-15 by breaking each 12-bit word into two characters, as described in the Industrial-14 Software Manual (ref. 2) and shown in Figure 1. The first character transmitted contains the six most significant bits of the data word; the second the six least significant bits. The seventh bit of each character is identically 1 in the present operation, while the eighth and final bit of each character is a parity bit.

After transmission of each command, which may consist of as many as three 12-bit words (or six 8-bit characters), the Industrial-14 returns a 2-character, 12-bit word verifying the receipt and execution of the initial command and returning any data requested. The format for the returned data is again described in the Industrial-14 Software Manual and shown in Figure 2. The seventh bit of the first returned character is the external flag, which is set if the instruction has been executed. The seventh bit of the second returned character is the output flag, and is set if, as a result of the last command, information was loaded into the output register of the Industrial-14. The remainder of the two 8-bit characters consists of the contents of that output register, whether or not it has been newly loaded.

## SOFTWARE : SPECIFIC

Programs have been written for the PDP-15, which, treating the Industrial-14 as a peripheral device, will allow the user to clear the Industrial-14 memory, load a program from paper tape to the Industrial-14 memory, access the Industrial-14 memory from the PDP-15 teletype for either loading or examination, and issue to the industrial-14 any of the commands to which it would respond if operating under the supervision of a PDP-8 as intended by DEC. The program is loaded using the usual PDP-15 loader, except that the API must be disabled prior to loading. The main program is .HANDL; the required subroutines are RDPT, LD14, ZERO, RUN, and TALK. Listings of each of these programs are given in the appendix.

The main control program, .HANDL, is controlled via the PDP-15 console switches as to which task is to be performed. After loading the program halts until the appropriate data switch settings are made and the CONTINUE switch is pressed. Data switch settings (OCTAL) are as follows:

000001	Clear Industrial-14
000010	Load Industrial-14 from paper tape
000100	Place Industrial-14 in INTERNAL RUN mode
001000	Call subroutine TALK to control Industrial-14 from PDP-15 teletype.

A request to clear the Industrial-14 simply results in the writing of zeroes into all 4096 12-bit memory locations of the Industrial-14. It is carried out by the subroutine ZERO.

Loading of the Industrial-14 memory from paper tape is carried out by the subroutines RDPT and LD14.

Information on Industrial-14 binary paper tape consists of a series of 8-bit characters, the least significant six bits of which form either the first or second half of an Industrial-14 word. Setting the seventh bit of any character identifies that character as part of an address, while the eighth bit is used to identify dividers and spacers and to set off "comments" which have no meaning for loading purposes. The program to be loaded will be represented by a series of data blocks, with each block consisting of an address followed by a series of instructions. On loading, the first instruction of each data block is loaded into the address specified at the beginning of the block. Subsequent instructions are loaded into sequential locations until another address is encountered or the program is terminated.

After loading, execution within the Industrial-14 may be initiated by using the switch command 000100. This sets the Industrial-14 program counter to zero, enables the output multiplexer, and returns the controller to an internal mode of operation in which stored commands are executed sequentially. At this time the PDP-15 may be returned to its monitor and the Industrial-14 will operate in a stand-alone mode, responding to changes in the state of an input as required.

Frequently, however, particularly during debug operations, it is convenient to control the operation of the Industrial-14 directly. This is carried out through the subroutine TALK. Following selection of this option via the console switches (001000) the teletype will print " ". At this time the user may enter via the teletype, in octal form, any valid Industrial-14 command. Commands consisting of more than one 12-bit word, for example, RDWD 1000 must be entered as one line, with the two words separated by a space (0021 1000). Each line (command) should be terminated by a carriage return. Following the carriage return, the Industrial-14 will execute the command and return any data requested. The returned data will be supplied to the user via the teletype. This mode is particularly useful for debugging operations and for program modifications, as it allows the user to examine or change the contents of any location, as well as control outputs directly. A list of Industrial-14 commands may be found in the DEC Industrial-14 software manual (ref. 2). The user may leave the subroutine TALK by entering an 'X' and a carriage return.

Exit from the main program requires that the PDP-15 be stopped and the monitor routine be restarted by the console controls since the API feature of the machine was disabled on loading.

## APPENDIX - SOURCE LISTINGS OF THE PROGRAMS

.HANDL, RDPT, LD14, ZERO, RUN, TALK,

```
.TITLE .HANDL
/ROUTINE TO HANDLE LOADING FROM PAPER
/TAPE, CLEARING, AND RUNNING OF IND-14
/ FROM PDP-15.
IOF=700002
.GLOBL RDPT,RUN,ZERO,TALK
IOF
START HLT
LAS
AND C1 /IF SW=1,
SZA      /CALL ZERO TO CLEAR 14 MEMORY
JMS* ZERO
LAS
AND C10 /IF SW=10,
SZA      /READ TAPE AND TRANSFER TO
JMS* RDPT      /INDUSTRIAL-14 OR TT.
LAS
AND C100 /IF SW=100, CALL SUBROUTINE
SZA      /RUN TO START INDUSTRIAL-14
JMS* RUN
LAS
AND C1000
SZA
JMS* TALK
JMP START
.END
```

```

.TITLE RDPT
/DECTAPE FILE NAME PT-14
/      ROUTINE TO READ PAPER TAPE

RSA=700104
IOPS=700314
RRB=700112
RSF=700101
ION=700042
CAF=703302
IOF=700002
.GLOBL RDPT,BFFR,WC,LDI4
.GLOBL COUNT,LOCAT
RDPT    0
DBA
RSTRT   CAF
        LAC (775
        PAL
        CLX
START   RSA
        RSF
        JMP .-1
        IORS
        AND (1000
        SZA
        JMP FINI
        RRB      /GET WORD FROM TAPE
        DAC TEMP#
        TCA
        TAD (377 /IS IT A DIVIDER
        SZA
        JMP .+3
        JMS SKIP      /IF DIVIDER SKIP
        JMP START
        LAC TEMP
        AND (200      /IS IT A 200
        SZA
        JMP DUNI      /IF WORD CONTAINS AN 8-PUNCH
        /GO TO PRINT FOR ALL WORDS IN BUFFER
        LAC TEMP
        AND (100      /DOES WORD HAVE A 7-PUNCH
        /IF SO IT IS AN ADDRESS
        SZA
        JMP ADRES
        LAC TEMP
        RTL
        RTL
        RTL
        AND (7700
        DAC BFFR,X
REDO    RSA
        RSF
        JMP .-1
        RRB
        DAC TEMP
        TCA
        TAD (377

```

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SZA  
JMP .+3  
JMS SKIP  
JMP REDO  
LAC TEMP  
AND C77  
TAD BFFR,X  
DAC BFFR,X  
AXS +1  
JMP START  
JMS\* LD14  
JMP FINI  
DUNI  
PXA  
DAC WC#  
SZA  
JMS\* LD14  
JMP RSTRT+1  
ADRES  
LAC TEMP  
LLS +6  
AND C7700  
DAC LOCAT1#  
RSA  
RSF  
JMP .-1  
RRB  
AND C77  
TAD LOCAT1  
DAC LOCAT1  
PXA  
DAC WC  
SZA  
JMS\* LD14  
LAC LOCAT1  
DAC LOCAT#  
ISZ COUNT#  
JMP RSTRT  
FINI  
CAF  
JMP\* RDPT  
SKIP  
0  
CHK  
RSA  
RSF  
JMP .-1  
IORS  
AND C1000  
SZA  
JMP FINI  
RRB  
TCA  
TAD C377  
SZA  
JMP CHK  
JMP\* SKIP  
BFFR  
.BLOCK 1000  
.END

```

.TITLE LDI4      /ROUTINE TO LOAD INDUSTRIAL-14
              /AFETR READING PAPER TAPE
TSFI=704001    /SKIP ON 14 FLAG
TLFI=704002    /CLEAR 14-FLAG
TLSI=704006    /LOAD BUFFER, TRANSMIT, RAISE FLAG
              /ON COMPLETION
KSFI=704101    /SKIP ON RCVR FLAG
KRBI=704102    /READ RCVR, CLEAR FLAG
CAF=703302     /CLEAR ALL FLAGS
IOF=700002     /INTRRUPT OFF
              /INDUSTRIAL-14 COMMANDS:
LDMEM=000022   /LOAD MEMORY
EEM=000060     /ENTER EXTERNAL MODE
LEM=000040     /LEAVE EXTERNAL MODE
CLRPC=000004   /CLEAR PROGRAM COUNTER
CLR=000170     /CLEAR ALL OUTPUTS
JP14=0024      /JMP
              .GLOBL LDI4,BFFR,WC
              .GLOBL COUNT,LOCAT
LDI4        0
              IOF
              CLX
              LAC* WC
              PAL
              LAC* COUNT
              SZA
              JMS LDAD
              LAC* LOCAT
              DAC RELADR#
BEGIN       LAC (JP14
              JMS .LODEI
              LAC RELADR
              JMS .LODEI
              JMS WAIT
              ISZ RELADR
              LAC (LDMEM
              JMS .LODEI
              LAC* BFFR,X
              JMS .LODEI
              JMS WAIT
              AXS +1
              JMP BEGIN
              JMP* LDI4
LDAD        0
              LAC (EEM
              JMS .LODEI
              JMS WAIT
              LAC (JP14
              JMS .LODEI
              LAC* LOCAT
              JMS .LODEI
              JMS WAIT
              DZM* COUNT
              JMP* LDAD
LODEI       0
              DAC TEMP#
              RTR

```

RTR  
RTR  
AND C77  
TAD C100  
JMS PRTY  
TLSI  
TSFI  
JMP .-1  
TLFI  
LAC TEMP  
AND C77  
TAD C100  
JMS PRTY  
TLSI  
TSFI  
JMP .-1  
TLFI  
JMP\* .LODEI  
WAIT 0  
KSFI  
JMP .-1  
KRBI  
KSFI  
JMP .-1  
KRBI  
JMP\* WAIT  
PRTY 0  
DAC PI#  
LAC C-7  
DAC BITC#  
LAC C1  
DAC MASK#  
DZM P2  
GO LAC PI  
AND MASK  
SZA  
ISZ P2#  
ISZ BITC  
JMP CONT  
JMP SETBIT  
CONT LAC MASK  
CLL  
RAL  
DAC MASK  
JMP GO  
SETBIT LAC P2  
AND C1  
SNA  
JMP ADDP  
LAC PI  
JMP\* PRTY  
ADDP LAC PI  
TAD C200  
JMP\* PRTY  
.END

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```

.TITLE ZERO
/SUBROUTINE TO CLEAR INDUSTRIAL-14
/MEMORY AND OUTPUTS
TLSI=704006      /LOAD BUFFER AND TRANSMIT
TSFI=704001      /SKIP ON TRANSMITTER FLAG
TLFI=704002      /CLEAR TRANSMITTER FLAG
IOF=700002
KSFI=704101      /SKIP ON RECEIVER FLAG
KPBI=704102      /READ BUFFER AND CLEAR FLAG
/INDUSTRIAL-14 COMMANDS
EEM=000060        /ENTER EXTERNAL MODE
LEM=000040        /LEAVE EXTERNAL MODE
LDMEM=000022      /LOAD MEMORY WITH FOLLOWING WORD
CLR=000170        /CLEAR ALL OUTPUTS
CLRPC=000004      /CLEAR PC
RDWD=000031
RDMEM=000021
RDPC=000041

.GLOBL ZERO
ZERO    0
IOF
EEML   LAC (EEM
       JMS SENDI
       JMS CHECK
CLEAR  LAC (CLR
       JMS SENDI
       JMS CHECK
       LAC (CLRPC
       JMS SENDI
       JMS CHECK
       LAC (-7777
       DAC ROUND#
       DZM LOC14#
DEPØ   LAC (LDMEM
       JMS SENDI
       LAC (0
       JMS SENDI
       JMS CHECK
       ISZ LOC14
       LAC (000024
       JMS SENDI
       LAC LOC14
       JMS SENDI
       JMS CHECK
       ISZ ROUND
       JMP DEPØ
       JMP* ZERO
SENDI  0
       DAC TEMP#
       RTR
       RTR
       RTR
       AND (77
       TAD (100
       JMS PRTY
       TLSI
       TSFI

```

JMP .-1  
TLFI  
LAC TEMP  
AND C77  
TAD C100  
JMS PRTY  
TLSI  
TSFI  
JMP .-1  
TLFI  
JMP\* SENDI  
CHECK  
WAITI  
0  
KSF1  
JMP .-1  
KRBI  
KSF1  
JMP .-1  
KRBI  
JMP\* CHECK  
PRTY  
0  
DAC P1#  
LAC C-7  
DAC BITC#  
LAC C1  
DAC MASK#  
DZM P2  
GO  
LAC P1  
AND MASK  
SZA  
ISZ P2#  
ISZ BITC  
JMP CONT  
JMP SETBIT  
CONT  
LAC MASK  
CLL  
RAL  
DAC MASK  
JMP GO  
SETBIT  
LAC P2  
AND C1  
SNA  
JMP ADDP  
LAC P1  
JMP\* PRTY  
ADDP  
LAC P1  
TAD C200  
JMP\* PRTY  
.END

```
.TITLE RUN
/PROGRAM TO RUN INDUSTRIAL 14
TSF1=704001
TLF1=704002
TLSI=704006
KSF1=704101
KRB1=704102
CAF=703302
IOF=700002
    /INDUSTRIAL-14 COMMANDS
LEM=000040      /LEAVE EXTERNAL MODE
CLRPC=000004    /CLEAR PC
EOM=000150      /ENABLE OUTPUT MULTIPLEXER
.GLOBL RUN
RUN      0
    IOF
    LAC (CLRPC
    JMS .LODE
    JMS WAIT
    LAC (EOM
    JMS .LODE
    JMS WAIT
    LAC (LEM
    JMS .LODE
    JMS WAIT
    JMP* RUN
.LODE      0
    DAC TEMP#
    LRS +6
    AND (77
    TAD (100
    JMS PRTY
    TLSI
    TSF1
    JMP .-1
    TLF1
    LAC TEMP
    AND (77
    TAD (100
    JMS PRTY
    TLSI
    TSF1
    JMP .-1
    TLF1
    JMP* .LODE
WAIT      0
    KSF1
    JMP .-1
    KRB1
    KSF1
    JMP .-1
    KRB1
    JMP* WAIT
PRTY      0
    DAC P1#
    LAC (-7
    DAC BITC#
```

LAC C1  
DAC MASK#  
DZM P2  
GO LAC PI  
AND MASK  
SZA  
ISZ P2#  
ISZ BITC  
JMP CONT  
JMP SETBIT  
CONT LAC MASK  
CLL  
RAL  
DAC MASK  
JMP GO  
SETBIT LAC P2  
AND C1  
SNA  
JMP ADDP  
LAC PI  
JMP\* PRTY  
ADDP LAC PI  
TAD (200  
JMP\* PRTY  
.END

```

    *TITLE TALK
    TCF=700402 /CLEAR TELEPRINTER FLAG
    IOF=700002
    TLS=700406 /LOAD AND PRINT TELEPRINTER
    TSF=700401 /SKIP ON TELEPRINTER FLAG
    KSF=700301 /SKIP ON KEYBOARD FLAG
    KRB=700312 /READ KEYBOARD BUFFER
    KSF1=704101 /SKIP ON INDUSTRIAL-14 REPLY FLAG
    KRB1=704102 /READ INDUSTRIAL-14 OUTPUT REGISTER
    TLS1=704006 /LOAD INDUSTRIAL-14 INPUT BUFFER
    TSF1=704001 /SKIP ON INDUSTRIAL-14 FLAG
    TLF1=704002 /CLEAR INDUSTRIAL-14 FLAG
        .GLOBL TALK
    TALK 0
    BEGIN IOF
        JMP START
    DATA 215
        212
        276
        215
        212
    START LAC (5
        PAL
        CLX
    CONT LAC DATA,X
        JMS WRITE
        AXS +1
        JMP CONT
        CLX
    RDCMD KSF
        JMP +-1
        KRB
        SAD (215
        JMP SENDR
        SAD (330
        JMP LEAVE
        TAD (-260
        AND (7
        DAC BFFR,X
        AXR +1
        JMP RDCMD
    SENDR JMS CRLF
        PXA
        DZM WC
        ISZ WC#
        TAD (-4
        SPA
        JMP DONE
        JMP SENDR+3
    DONE LAC WC
        TAD (-1
        TCA
        DAC WC1#
        CLX
        JMP NEXT
    NEXT2 AXR +1
    NEXT LAC (-4

```

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PAC COUNT#  
 CLA  
 CLL  
 PAL  
 PAL  
 PAL  
 AND C7777  
 TAD BFFF, X  
 AXP +1  
 ISZ COUNT  
 JMP NEXT1  
 JMS LODE  
 LAS  
 SAD C3200  
 JMP N3  
 ISZ WC1  
 JMP NEXT2  
 N3      JMS READ  
 LAS  
 SZA  
 JMP N4  
 JMP DONE  
 N4      JMS CPLF  
 GIVE    LAC F2 /PRINT RETURNED WORD  
 AND C1  
 SNA  
 JMP SKIP  
 LAC FI  
 AND C1 /FIRST FLAG  
 TAD C262  
 JMS WRITE  
 LAC F2 /SECOND FLAG  
 AND C1  
 TAD C262  
 JMS WRITE  
 LAC C240  
 JMS WRITE  
 LAC C-4  
 DAC WC  
 NUM     LAC ANS /THEN DATA  
 LLS +3  
 AND C77772  
 DAC ANS  
 LPS +14  
 AND C7  
 TAD C262  
 JMS WRITE  
 ISZ WC  
 JMP NUM  
 SKIP    JMS CPLF  
 JMP BEGIN  
 CRLF    0  
 LAC C215  
 JMS WRITE  
 LAC C212  
 JMS WRITE  
 JMP\* CPLF

LODE	Z DAC TEMP1# PTP PTP RTP AND C77 TAD C100 JMS PRTY TLSI TSFI JMP .-1 TLFI LAC TEMP1 AND C77 TAD C100 JMS PRTY TLSI TSFI JMP .-1 TLFI JMP* LODE
PRTY	0 DAC PI# LAC C-7 DAC BITC# LAC C1 DAC MASK# DZM P2
GO	LAC PI AND MASK SZA ISZ P2# ISZ BITC JMP CONTI JMP SETBIT
CONTI	LAC MASK CLL RAL DAC MASK JMP GO
SETBIT	LAC P2 AND C1 SNA JMP ADDP LAC PI JMP* PRTY
ADDP	LAC PI TAD C200 JMP* PRTY
READ	0 KSF1 JMP .-1 CLA KRBI DAC TEMP2# LPS +6 AND C1

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DAC F1#  
LAC TEMP2  
AND C77  
LLS +6  
AND C7700  
DAC ANS#  
KSF1  
JMP .-1  
CLA  
KPB1  
DAC TEMP2  
LRS +6  
AND C1  
DAC F2#  
LAC TEMP2  
AND C77  
TAD ANS  
DAC ANS  
JMP\* READ  
WRITE 0  
TLS  
TSF  
JMP .-1  
TCF  
JMP\* WRITE  
LEAVE JMS CRLF  
JMP\* TALK  
BFFR •BLOCK 50  
•END  
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REFERENCES

1. Industrial 14 Systems Manual. Dec-14-HSMAA-A-D, Digital Equipment Corp., 1974
2. Industrial 14 Software Manual. Dec-14-ISUMA-B-D, Digital Equipment Corp. 1974.

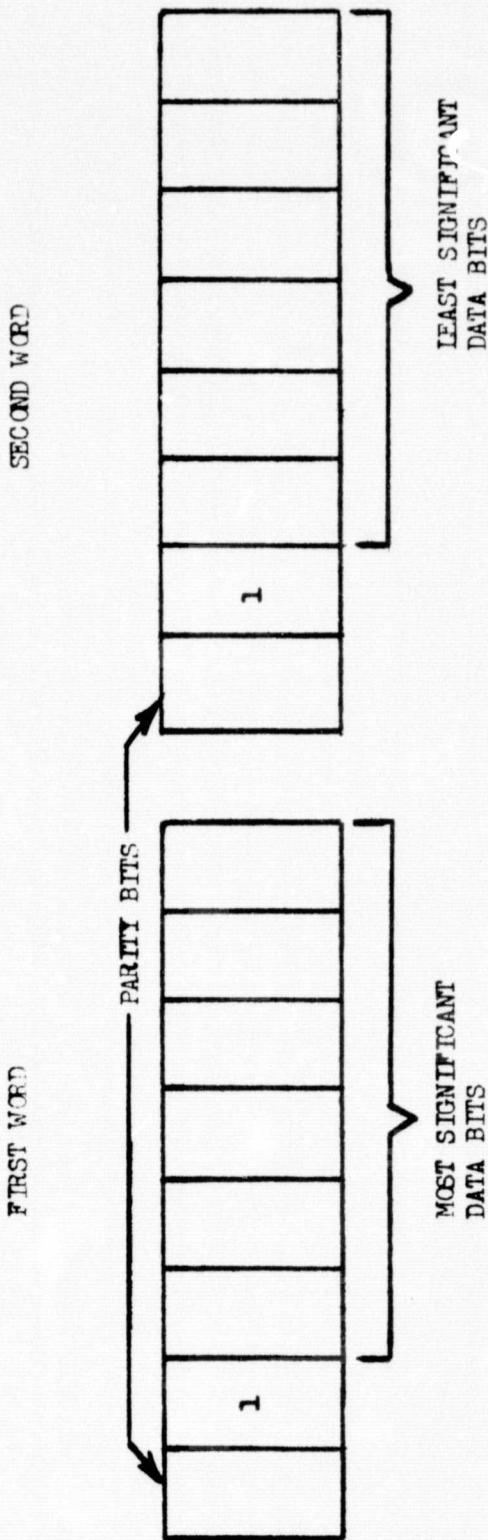
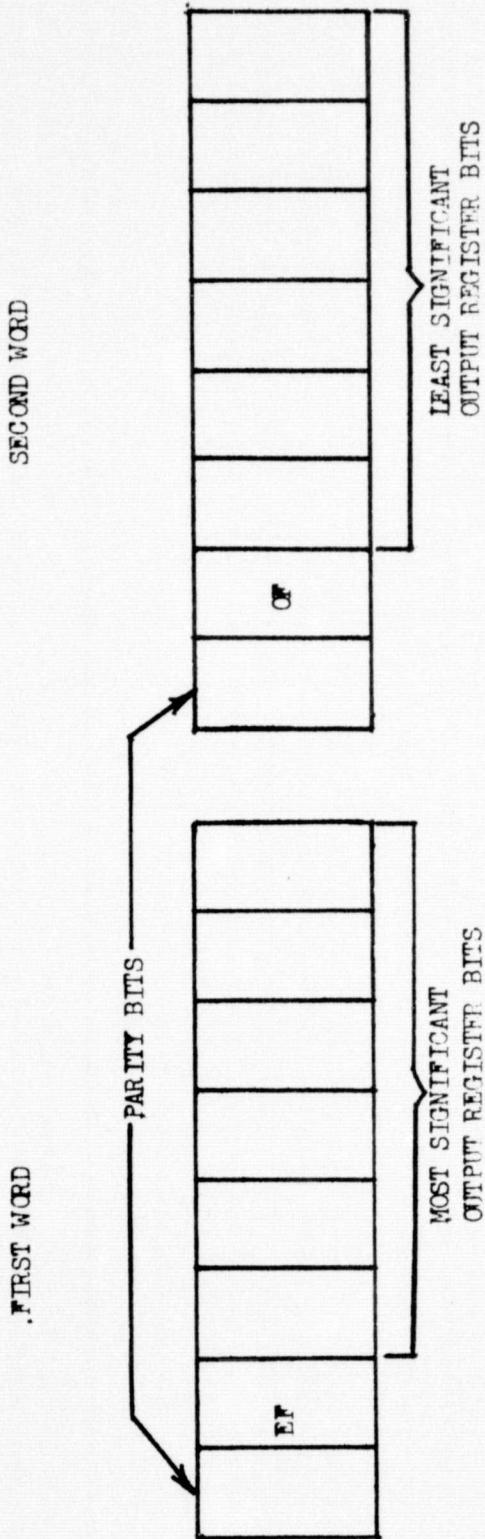


FIGURE 1. FORMAT FOR DATA TRANSMISSION TO INDUSTRIAL 14/30



**EF=1** : AN EXTERNALLY SUPPLIED INSTRUCTION HAS BEEN EXECUTED

**OF=1** : OUTPUT REGISTER HAS BEEN NEWLY LOADED

**OF=0** : OUTPUT REGISTER CONTAINS DATA RESULTING FROM AN EARLIER COMMAND

FIGURE 2. FORMAT FOR TRANSFER OF DATA FROM THE INDUSTRIAL 14/30.